

Financial Statements 31 March 2022

31 March 2022

Independent Auditor's Report	Page
Financial Statements	
Statement of comprehensive income	1
Statement of financial position	2
Statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders	3
Statement of cash flows	4
Notes to the financial statements	5 – 20



Independent auditor's report

To the Fund Manager of Proven Select Equity JMD

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Proven Select Equity JMD (the Portfolio) as at 31 March 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

The Portfolio's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022;
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Portfolio in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code). We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.



Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Portfolio's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Portfolio or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Portfolio's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Portfolio's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Portfolio to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Pricewater house on person Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accounta Kingston, Jamaica 7 July 2022

Proven Select Equity JMD Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Income		
Interest income	4,621	8,264
Dividend income	13,051	8,996
Fair value gains on investments	54,654	12,372
Gain on the disposal of investment securities	10,101	4,426
Foreign exchange gains	1,044	540
	83,471	34,598
Operating expenses		
Management fees	10,255	10,505
Administration expenses:		
Auditors' remuneration	543	403
Bank charges	16	19
Broker fees	-	2
Custody and trustee fees	1,800	1,800
Miscellaneous expenses	2,070	2,035
	14,684	14,764
Increase in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders from Investment Operations	68,787	19,834

Statement of Financial Position **31 March 2022** (expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	Notes	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	86,650	73,567
Investment securities	5	605,330	638,280
Receivables	6	51	119
		692,031	711,966
Liabilities			
Payables		694	668
Due to related party	7	961	955
		1,655	1,623
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	8	690,376	710,343

Approved for issue by the Directors of the Fund Manager on 7 July 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Johann Heaven

Chief Executive Officer

Richard Gordon Senior Vice President & Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Proven Select Equity JMD Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Year ended 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	2022	2021
	\$'000	\$'000
Net assets attributable to unitholders at beginning of the period	710,343	754,462
Capital transactions		
Issue of units	11,903	9,036
Redemption of units	(100,657)	(72,989)
Net increase in capital transactions	621,589	690,509
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment operations	68,787	19,834
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AT THE END OF THE		
PERIOD	690,376	710,343

Proven Select Equity JMD Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment operations	68,787	19,834
Adjustments for:	00,101	10,001
Fair value gain on investments	(54,654)	(12,372)
Foreign exchange gains	(1,044)	(540)
Interest income	(4,621)	(8,264)
Dividend income	(13,051)	(8,996)
Gain on disposal of investment securities	(10,101)	(4,426)
	(14,684)	(14,764)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	68	73
Payables	26	(579)
Due to related party	6	(78)
Purchase of investments	(157,347)	(167,845)
Repayment of principal on investments	249,186	133,681
	77,255	(49,512)
Interest received	6,009	7,590
Dividend received	12,415	8,489
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	95,679	(33,433)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of units	11,903	9,036
Redemption of units	(100,657)	(72,989)
Net cash used in financing activities	(88,754)	(63,953)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	6,925	(97,386)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on net cash balances	6,158	(67,000) 686
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of period	73,567	170,267
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF PERIOD	86,650	73,567

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2022 (expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

1. Identification and Activities

Proven Select Equity JMD is a portfolio under the Proven Select Fund, an open-ended Collective Investment Scheme registered by the Financial Services Commission under certificate number UT/PSF/1 on 1 August 2017. Proven Select Fund is a product offered by Proven Wealth Limited which is an Investment Management Company licensed to deal in securities by the Financial Services Commission under license number P-05-1168. Proven Wealth Limited ("the Fund Manager") is a company incorporated and domiciled in Jamaica with its registered office at 7 Haining Road, Kingston 5, Jamaica. Effective March 31, 2021, Proven Fund Managers Limited (PFML) was retired as the manager of the Proven Select Fund and PWL assumed all responsibilities as manager and administrator as of April 1, 2021.

The Trustee and Custodian of the Fund is JCSD Trustee Services Limited, a Company duly incorporated and licensed under the Laws of Jamaica and having its registered office at 40 Harbour Street, Kingston, Jamaica. The Trust Deed was signed by the Fund Manager, the Trustee and Custodian on 20 July 2017 and is available for inspection at 7 Haining Road, Kingston 5, Jamaica.

The Portfolio's objective is to earn long-term capital growth through capital appreciation and interest income by investing in medium to long term fixed income instruments.

The financial statements show the financial position and results of operations of the Portfolio.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements comply with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Fund Manager to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the Fund Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published accounting standards effective in the current year

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published that became effective during the current financial period. The Portfolio has assessed the relevance of all such new interpretations and amendments and has concluded that no standards, interpretations and amendments are relevant to its operations.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published standards that are not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, a number of new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been issued which were not effective at the date of the statement of financial position, and which the Portfolio has not early adopted. The Portfolio has assessed the relevance of all such new standards, interpretations and amendments and has determined that the following may be relevant to its operations, and has concluded as follows:

Narrow scope amendments to IAS 1, Practice statement 2 and IAS 8, (effective annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023). The amendments aim to improve accounting policy disclosures and to help users of the financial statements to distinguish between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. The Portfolio is currently assessing the impact of future adoption of new standard on its financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022). These amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date. The amendments also clarify what IAS 1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability. The Group is currently assessing the impact of this amendment. Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Units issued and redeemed

Units are issued to unitholders based on the prevailing unit price at the time of issue. Units redeemed by unitholders are based on the prevailing unit price at the time of redemption.

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Portfolio operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Jamaican dollars, which is the Portfolio's functional currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the date of the statement of financial position, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the closing exchange rate.

Exchange differences resulting from the settlement of transactions at rates different from those at the dates of the transactions, and unrealised foreign exchange differences on unsettled foreign currency monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Revenue recognition

Income comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from investments made in the ordinary course of the Portfolio's activities. Income is recognised as follows:

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Gain or loss on sale of investment

Gain or loss on the sale of investments is determined by comparing sale proceeds with the carrying amount of the investment. This amount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Fair value gains or losses on investments

Fair value gains or losses on investments are recognised when there is a change in the fair value of investments from one period to the next.

Miscellaneous income

Miscellaneous income is recognised when it becomes receivable.

(e) Taxation

The Portfolio is domiciled in Jamaica and is exempt from paying corporation taxes under section 12(t) of the Income Tax Act.

Notes to the Financial Statements **31 March 2022** (expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(f) Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis and are charged to the statement of comprehensive income. In addition to the management fees, the Portfolio is responsible for the payment of all direct expenses relating to its operations such as audit, custody and trustee fees and, professional fees.

(g) Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include cash, securities purchased under agreements to resell, investment securities, receivables, securities sold under agreements to repurchase and payables.

The fair value of the Portfolio's financial instruments is discussed in Note 3.

The Fund Manager determines the classification of the Portfolio's financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at every reporting date.

Fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if it is so designated by the Fund Manager or is acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on settlement date - the date on which the Portfolio receives or transfers the security. Investments are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs for all financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred.

Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Portfolio has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category is included in income and expenditure in the period in which they arise.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded securities) is based on quoted market prices at the statement of financial position date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Portfolio is the current bid price. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Portfolio establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models making maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

(h) Receivables

Receivables are carried at cost which approximates the fair value of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and short-term deposits with original maturities of three months or less, net of bank overdrafts.

(j) Payables

Payables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

(k) Related party balance and transactions

Parties are considered to be related if they have common directors and/or common shareholders or if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related party transactions and balances are recognised and disclosed for the following:

- (i) Enterprises and individuals having operational and financial decision-making responsibilities for the Portfolio that gives them significant influence over the Portfolio's affairs and close members of the family of these individuals.
- (ii) Key management personnel that are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Portfolio, including management and close members of the families of these individuals.

3. Financial Risk Management

The Portfolio's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Portfolio's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Portfolio's financial performance.

The Fund Manager is ultimately responsible for the establishment and oversight of the Portfolio's risk management framework. The Fund Manager provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and investment of excess liquidity.

(a) Credit risk

The Portfolio takes on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that its counterparties will cause a financial loss for the Portfolio by failing to discharge their contractual obligations. Credit risk is the most significant risk for the Portfolio's business. The Fund Manager therefore carefully manages the Portfolio's exposure to credit risk. Credit exposure arises principally from the Portfolio's operating activities. The Portfolio structures the levels of credit risk it undertakes by placing limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to any one investment.

Credit review process

The Fund Manager performs ongoing analyses of the ability of borrowers and other counterparties to meet repayment obligations.

(i) Investment securities

The Portfolio limits its exposure to credit risk by investing mainly in liquid securities, with counterparties that have high credit quality. Accordingly, the Fund Manager does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Cash

Cash transactions are limited to high credit quality financial institutions. The Portfolio has policies in place to limit the amount of exposure to any one financial institution.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Portfolio is unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due and demands for redemption of units, when such demands are made. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions.

Liquidity risk management process

The Portfolio is exposed to cash redemptions by unit holders. The Portfolio's liquidity management process, as carried out within the Portfolio and monitored by the Fund Manager, includes:

- (i) Monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a daily basis. This incorporates an assessment of expected cash flows and the availability of collateral which could be used to secure funding if required.
- (ii) Maintaining a portfolio of highly marketable and liquid assets that can easily be liquidated as protection against any unforeseen interruption to cash flow.
- (iii) Optimising cash returns on investments.

The maturity profile of the Portfolio's financial liabilities at year end based on contractual undiscounted payments was as follows:

The Portfolio's undiscounted liabilities at year end, equal their carrying amounts, as these liabilities bear no interest. At 31 March 2022, all liabilities are due within months. The Portfolio is also exposed to liquidity risks from redemption of units held by unit holders. The potential liability arising from these redemptions is fully backed by the assets held by the Portfolio, which can be liquidated by the Portfolio to settle any such amounts which will be then owing.

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(c) Market risk

The Portfolio takes on exposure to market risks, which is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risks mainly arise from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis. There has been no change to the Portfolio's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Portfolio is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily with respect to the US dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and, recognised assets and liabilities.

The Portfolio manages its foreign exchange risk by ensuring that the net exposure in foreign assets and liabilities is kept at an acceptable level by monitoring currency positions. The Portfolio further manages this risk by maximising foreign currency earnings and holding foreign currency balances.

Concentrations of currency risk

The Portfolio has investment securities and cash and deposits denominated in United States dollars, amounting to an asset of J\$124,458,000.

The Fund Manager estimates that a reasonably possible change in the exchange rate of the United States dollar is likely to be +2/-8 percent. Should such a change occur, the net assets attributable to unitholders from investment operations would increase or decrease as follows:

	% Change in Currency Rate	Effect on Statement of Comprehensive Income	% Change in Currency Rate	Effect on Statement of Comprehensive Income
	2022	2022 \$'000	2021	2021 \$'000
Currency:				
USD – Revaluation	+2%	1,250	+2%	44
USD – Devaluation	-8%	(5,001)	-6%	(132)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Floating rate instruments expose the Portfolio to cash flow interest risk, whereas fixed interest rate instruments expose the Portfolio to fair value interest risk.

The Portfolio's interest rate risk policy requires it to manage interest rate risk by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed rate instruments. The policy also requires it to manage the maturities of interest-bearing financial assets. The Portfolio has no interest-bearing financial liabilities.

The following table summarises the Portfolio's exposure to interest rate risk. It includes the Portfolio's financial instruments at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual interest rate repricing or maturity dates.

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(c) Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

			202	2		
	Within 3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Non- Interest Bearing	Total
-	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	86,650	-	-	-	-	86,650
Investment securities	-	-	1,660	-	603,670	605,330
Receivables	-	-	-	-	51	51
Total financial assets	86,650	-	1,660	-	603,721	692,031
Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	694	694
Due to related party	-	-	-	-	961	961
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	1,655	1,655
Total interest repricing gap __	86,650		1,660	-	602,066	690,376

			202	21		
_	Within 3 Months	3 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Non- Interest Bearing	Total
-	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	73,567	-	-	-	-	73,567
Investment securities	20,273	-	72,222	31,253	514,532	638,280
Receivables	-	-	-	-	119	119
Total financial assets	93,840	-	72,222	31,253	514,651	711,966
Liabilities						
Payables	-	-	-	-	668	668
Due to related party	-	-	-	-	955	955
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	1,623	1,623
Total interest repricing gap	93,840	-	72,222	31,253	513,028	710,343

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(c) Market risk (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table indicates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, on the Portfolio's comprehensive income.

The sensitivity of the statement of comprehensive income is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on net assets attributable to unitholders based on the investment securities. Revaluing fixed rate financial assets at fair value through profit or loss for the effects of the assumed changes in interest rates will impact fair value gains or losses. The effect on changes in net assets attributable to unitholders below is the total of the individual sensitivities done for each asset.

	Change in Basis Points 2022	Effect on Statement of Comprehensive Income 2022 \$'000	Change in Basis Points 2021	Effect on Statement of Comprehensive Income 2021 \$'000
JMD	+300	50	+100	722
JMD	-50	(8)	-100	(722)

(d) Capital management

The capital of the Portfolio is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders. The Portfolio is not directly subject to any externally imposed capital requirement. Capital is managed by the Fund Manager who reports the required information on a quarterly basis to the Financial Services Commission.

(e) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at year end. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Portfolio is the current bid price.

The financial instruments that, subsequent to initial recognition, are measured at fair value are grouped into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable, as follows:

- (i) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments;
- (ii) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the instrument, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- (iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the instrument that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Portfolio uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each statement of financial position date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for quoted debt securities. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. The following methods and assumptions have been used:

(i) Investment securities are measured at fair value by reference to quoted market prices when available. If quoted prices are not available, then fair values are estimated on the basis of pricing models or other recognized valuation techniques.

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(e) Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

(ii) The fair value of liquid assets and other assets maturing within three months is assumed to approximate their carrying amount. This assumption is applied to liquid assets and the short-term elements of all other financial instruments.

		202	22	
				Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	balance
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At 31 March 2022				
Investment securities				
Quoted equities	539,821	-	-	539,821
Quoted preference shares	1,660	-	-	1,660
USD quoted equities	62,508			62,508
	603,989			603,989
Deconciliation of lovel 2 invuto				2022 \$'000
Reconciliation of level 3 inputs				446 077
Balance at beginning of the period				116,077
Disposals				(116,077)
Balance at period end				-
		202	21	
				Total
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	balance \$'000
At 31 March 2021	·			
Investment securities				
Corporate bonds	-	-	106,077	106,077
Quoted equities	489,226	-	-	489,226
Quoted preference shares	6,296	-	-	6,296
Unquoted preference shares	-	-	10,000	10,000
USD quoted equities	2,201	-	-	2,202
Unit Trusts		22,388	-	22,388
	497,723	22,388	116,077	636,189

3. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(e) Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Reconciliation of level 3 inputs	2021 \$'000
Balance at beginning of the period	49,077
Purchases	70,000
Disposals	(3,000)
Balance at period end	116,077

(f) Equity price risk

The Portfolio is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises for investments held by the Portfolio for which price in the future is uncertain.

The sensitivity analysis for equity risk illustrates how changes in the fair value of equity securities will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual equity issuer, or factors affecting all similar equity securities traded in the market.

The Fund Manager monitors movements of financial assets and equity price risk movements on a monthly basis by assessing the expected changes in the different portfolios due to movements in the various stock exchange indices on the various stock exchanges with all other variables held constant and all equity instruments in that particular index moving proportionally.

The equity securities described in this note are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The percentage used in the analysis represents the Fund Manager's assessment of a reasonably possible change in the stock market indices.

	Effect on Statement of Comprehensive Income 2022 \$'000	Effect on Statement of Comprehensive Income 2021 \$'000
Change in equity prices:		
-5% (2021: -5%)	(30,199)	(26,506)
+5% (2021: +5%)	30,199	26,506

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Cash and bank balances	1,369	2,147
Repurchase agreements with original maturities of less than three months	85,281	71,420
	86,650	73,567

The weighted average effective interest rate on bank balances and deposits at year end was approximately and nil 2.85% (2021- NIL % and 2%)

5. Investment Securities

	Carrying Value 2022 \$'000	Carrying Value 2021 \$'000
Investment securities	603,989	636,189
Interest receivable	1,341	2,091
	605,330	638,280
	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Investment securities -		
Corporate bonds	-	106,077
Quoted equities	539,821	489,226
Quoted preference shares	1,660	6,296
Unquoted preference share	-	10,000
USD quoted equities	62,508	2,202
Unit trust		22,388
	603,989	636,189
Interest receivable	1,341	2,091
	605,330	638,280

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2022 (expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

5. Investment Securities (Continued)

Investment securities comprise the following:

(a) Corporate bonds

•	2022		2021	
	Nominal Value \$'000	Carrying Value \$'000	Nominal Value \$'000	Carrying Value \$'000
Unicomer Floating Rate Bond Due March 2022	-	-	11,077	11,077
Caribbean Producers Jamaica Limited Fixed/Variable Rate J\$ Secured Note 2023	-	-	5,000	5,000
Supreme Ventures Limited 7% Due 2025	-	-	50,000	50,000
Access Financial Services \$400m Unsecured Fixed Rate Bond Due 2026 Grace Kennedy Ltd 5.50% FR Note Due 2022	-	-	20,000	20,000
	-	-	20,000	20,000
	-		106,077	106,077

(b) Quoted equities

Quoted equilies				
	202	2	2021	
	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value
	units/snares	\$'000	units/shares	\$'000
Lasco Manufacturing Limited	2,116,870	11,644	1,176,870	5,176
Sagicor Group Jamaica Limited	359,174	20,631	359,174	18,634
Wisynco Group Limited	3,927,732	77,651	3,827,732	59,138
GraceKennedy Limited	496,108	51,471	406,604	35,964
Jamaica Producers Group Limited	-	-	173,313	3,813
Jamaica Broilers Group Limited	656,251	19,031	845,000	24,590
Jamaica Money Market Brokers Group				
Limited	2,221,744	98,645	2,175,948	71,589
NCB Financial Group Limited	391,072	43,624	489,407	68,028
Scotia Group Jamaica Limited	383,777	13,893	433,777	18,214
PanJam Investment Limited	69,005	4,554	69,005	4,534
Carreras Group Limited	-	-	1,075,000	9,525
Supreme Ventures Limited	2,879,527	54,711	2,879,527	41,753
Lasco Distributors Limited	1,100,000	3,839	1,000,000	4,090
Guardian Holdings Limited	13,157	6,921	-	-
Knutsford Express Limited	1,694,868	13,389	2,000,000	12,600
	16,309,285	420,004	16,911,357	377,648

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

5. Investment Securities (Continued)

(b) Quoted equities (continued)

	2022		2021	
	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value
Caribbean Cement Limited	173,000	12,949	143,000	9,710
Access Financial Services Limited	776,346	16,047	831,346	19,038
Fontana Limited	1,288,000	12,816	1,438,000	8,427
Wigton Windfarm Limited	-	-	4,788,300	3,017
Trans Jamaican Highway Limited	-	-	708,836	978
Barita Investment Limited	-	-	25,419	2,163
Proven Investments Limited	597,100	21,316	597,100	20,899
Sygnus Credit Inv Ltd Ordinary	1,141,900	17,014	1,226,900	17,815
Mailpac Group Limited	1,717,713	6,132	-	-
Seprod Limited	85,000	5,015	-	-
Derrimon Trading Company Limited	10,765,217	28,528	11,765,217	29,531
	16,544,276	119,817	21,524,118	111,578
	32,853,561	539,821	38,435,475	489,226

(c) Quoted preference shares

	2022		2021	
	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value \$'000	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value \$'000
Eppley 8.75% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Share 2023 JMMB Group 7.25% Variable Rate JMD CR	-	-	703,410	5,001
Preference Shares 2025	1,000,000	1,660	1,000,000	1,295
	1,000,000	1,660	1,703,410	6,296

(d) Unquoted preference shares

	2022		2021	
	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value
VMBS 7.00% Deferred Shares		-	10,000,000	10,000

Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2022

(expressed in Jamaican dollars unless otherwise indicated)

5. Investment Securities (Continued)

(e) USD unit trust funds

	2022		2021	
	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value
				\$'000
Visa Inc-Class A Shares	700	23,889	-	-
Apple Inc	250	6,703	-	-
Fedex Inc	150	5,326	-	-
Microsoft Corporation	250	11,823	-	-
CitiGroup Inc	475	3,893	-	-
Technology Select Sector SP	175	4,265	-	-
Consumer Discretionary	175	4,970	-	-
Financial Select Sector	100	589	-	-
Health Care Select Sector	50	1,050	-	-
Dollar General Corporation	-	-	75	2,202
	2,325	62,508	75	2,202

(f) Unit Trust

	202	2022		
	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value	No. of Stock units/shares	Carrying Value
Proven High Yield Fund	-	-	100,039	11,067
Proven Real Estate Fund	-	-	100,039	11,321
	-	-	200,078	22,388

6. Receivables

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Other receivables	-	68
Withholding tax recoverable	51	51
	51	119

7. Related Party Transactions and Balances

(a) Related party transactions

(i) Transactions with the Fund Manager

,,	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Management fees	(10,255)	(10,505)

7. Related Party Transactions and Balances (Continued)

(b) Related party balances

		2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
(i) Due to rela	ated party		
Prove	en Wealth Limited	961	955
The balance represents	s unpaid management fees at period end.		
		2022	2021
		\$'000	\$'000
(ii) Cash and o	cash equivalents		
Prove	en Wealth Limited	85,281	44,394

The Portfolio has Reverse Repurchase Agreements with its broker Proven Wealth Limited that have original maturities of three months or less. During the period, the Portfolio recorded \$1,190,300 (2021- \$3,746,000) interest income from the Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

(iii) Financial asset at fair value through Profit or Loss (Note 5)

	2022 \$'000	2021 \$'000
Proven High Yield Fund	-	11,067
Proven Real Estate	-	11,321
Access Financial Services Limited	16,047	39,038
	16,047	61,426
8. Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders		
	2022 Units	2021 Units
Movement of units issued		
Balance of units issued at the beginning of the period	613,027,828	670,492,429
Units issued during the period	9,742,376	8,431,852
Units redeemed during the period	(83,711,136)	(65,896,453)
Balance of units issued at the end of the period	539,059,068	613,027,828
	\$	\$
Net assets attributable to unitholders	690,376,000	710,343,118
Net asset value per unit	1.2807	1.1587